

EnumGeo 2: Background Material

- Moduli theory (coh sheaves, Grassmannians, closed subschemes, stable curves)
 - Idea behind stacks, Coarse & fine moduli spaces
 - Local models for stacks algebraic, DM, critical loci of $Gr(K, \mathbb{C}^n)$
- If time permits, we will look at GIT

- Deformation theory (Alper Appendix C, Ricolfi Appendix A)
of coh sheaves, closed subschemes
 - First order deformation
 - Obstruction theories/
Higher-order deformations

Moduli theory

$\mathcal{Q}_n: X = \text{sm. proj sch} / \mathbb{C}$,
how do we classify on X :

- Coherent sheaves
 - Vector bundles
 - G -bundles
 - Closed 0-dim subschemes
- $X = \mathbb{C}^r$, then
- k -dim subspaces

They come parametrized in "families"

e.g. $\pi \quad \forall t \in T \text{ pt.}$

$\downarrow$
 $X \times T \quad \pi_t \text{ coh. sheaf on } X$

$$\mathcal{C} = \text{Sch}/\mathbb{A}$$

Families are collections of morphisms in $\mathcal{C}$ compatible w/ pullbacks

$$\begin{pmatrix} T \\ \downarrow \\ U \end{pmatrix}$$

Def $\mathcal{M} \in \text{ob}(\mathcal{C})$ is a fine moduli space if $\exists$ "universal family" $\begin{matrix} M \\ \downarrow \\ \mathcal{M} \end{matrix}$ s.t.

$$\begin{array}{ccc} S & \xrightarrow{\quad} & M \\ \downarrow & \lrcorner & \downarrow \\ \mathcal{S} & \xrightarrow{\exists!} & \mathcal{M} \end{array}$$

pullback in $\text{Sch}/\mathbb{A}$

Problem

Fine moduli space rarely exists

- Rigidity moduli problem (stability in GIT)
- Coarse moduli space (delete arrows)
- Too many automorphisms, incorporate them into $\text{Sch}/\mathbb{A} \leadsto \text{Stacks}$

Categories fibered in groupoids

$$\mathcal{M}: \mathcal{C}^{\text{op}} \longrightarrow \text{Groupoid (2-category)}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} S \\ f \downarrow \\ T \end{pmatrix} \leadsto$$

$$\mathcal{M}(T) = \text{families over } T$$

$\downarrow$ pullback by f

$$\mathcal{M}(S)$$

Def We call $\mathcal{M}$ a prestack

Def If $(\mathcal{C}, \tau)$ is a Groth. topology

(étale fppf, fpqc), a prestack

$\mathcal{M}$ is a stack if compatible w/ gluing & separating.

$\leadsto$ (can do geometry on stacks!

$$\text{Sch}/\mathbb{A} \subseteq \text{Stacks}/\mathbb{A}$$

If $\mathcal{M} \cong \text{Hom}(-, M)$, $M \in \text{ob}(\mathcal{C})$
represents $\mathcal{M}$ as a fine moduli space

E.g. Hilbert schemes (of pts.)
Grassmannians, Quot schemes

Def Stack $\mathcal{M}$ on $(\mathcal{C}, \text{ét})$ is
algebraic if $\exists U \xrightarrow{\mathbb{P}^n} \mathcal{M}$

is "representable", surjective, smooth

Deligne-Mumford if étale, not just smooth

Algebraic $\Rightarrow \mathcal{M}$ locally at x looks like
 $[\text{Spec } A / G_x]$
 $\uparrow$ red. lin alg. gr

$DM \Rightarrow [\text{Spec } A / G_x] \xleftarrow{\text{finite}}$

Critical loci Goal: Study

$Gr(k, \mathbb{C}^r)$ locally

(following Ricolfi 3.4)

Def $U \in \text{Sch}/\mathbb{C}$ smooth,
 $f: U \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$ regular,

$\Rightarrow df \in H^0(U, T^*U)$

$\cong \text{Hom}_U(\mathcal{O}_U, \Omega_U)$

$Z(df) \subseteq U$ is critical locus
 $\uparrow$ mod. space of interest e.g. $\text{Hilb}^n \mathbb{A}^3$

E.g. $A^1_{\mathbb{C}} = \text{Spa}(\mathbb{C}[t])$

$$\text{Spec}(\mathbb{C}[t])/t^n = \text{Crit}(t^{n+1})$$

$\parallel \qquad \parallel$
 $\mathbb{Z}(n+1)t^n$

E.g. $\text{Gr}(K, \mathbb{C}^r)$

$$A = H^*(\text{Gr}(K, \mathbb{C}^r), \mathbb{C}) \text{ ring}$$

(last week we did
 $H^*(\text{Gr}(2, \mathbb{C}^4), \mathbb{Z})$)

$$A = \mathbb{C}[X_1, \dots, X_r] / I$$

$$S \rightarrow \text{Gr}(K, \mathbb{C}^r) \text{ tautological}$$

K -dim bundle

$$Q \rightarrow \text{Gr}(K, \mathbb{C}^r) \text{ quotient } n-K \text{ bundle}$$

$$X_i = C_i(S^*) \in H^{2i}(\text{Gr}(K, \mathbb{C}^r), \mathbb{C})$$

$$I \text{ generated by } C_t(S^*) C_t(Q^*)$$

Claim $\text{Spec}(A)$ is a critical locus of A^r

- Define

$$-\log(C_t(S^*)) = \sum_{i \geq 0} W_i (X_1, \dots, X_r) t^i$$

$$W = (-1)^{n+1} W_{n+1} \in \mathbb{C}[X_1, \dots, X_r]$$

$$Z(dW) = I \rightarrow \text{Claim}$$

Use jul for studying deg.
 1-st order deg. of Coh. corresp. to H^1

Result Critical loci $Z(df)$ have a
 "symmetric obstruction theory"
 identified with $\text{Hess}(f)$ (Ex. 10.1.10)
 Virtual class $[Z(df)]^{\text{vir}}$ is nice! (Ricolfi)

Deformation theory

$\mathcal{M}: \mathcal{C} \rightarrow \text{Groupoid}$ moduli problem

of (1) Closed subschemes

(2) Coherent sheaves / Vec. bun

(3) Schemes

How does one object $E_0 \in \mathcal{M}(\mathbb{C})$
 deform locally? Or what is $T_{E_0} \mathcal{M}$?

$$\gamma \in \mathcal{G} \Rightarrow \{ \quad \}, \quad \leftarrow \mathcal{O} \rightarrow ?$$

(or square-zero extension)

First-order deformation: $\mathbb{C}[\epsilon]$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Spec}(\mathbb{C}) & \hookrightarrow & \text{Spec}(\mathbb{C}[t]/t^2) \\ & \searrow E_0 & \downarrow E \\ & & \mathcal{M} \end{array}$$

(1) $X \in \text{Sch}/\mathbb{C}$, $Z_0 \subseteq X$ closed subscheme

Def $Z \subseteq X \times_{\mathbb{C}} \text{Spec}(\mathbb{C}[\epsilon]) = X_{\mathbb{C}[\epsilon]}$
 is 1-st order def, if Z flat / $\mathbb{C}[\epsilon]$
 & $Z_0 = Z \times_{\mathbb{C}[\epsilon]} \mathbb{C}$

② E_0 coh sheaf on X

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Def } E_0 & \xrightarrow{\alpha} & E \\ | & & | \\ X & \hookrightarrow & X[[E]] \end{array}$$

E coh sheaf on $X[[E]]$ is 1-st order deformation

More generally: $A = \text{Artinian ring}/\mathbb{C}$ (important!)
 $\leadsto$ Deformations over A

Lemma ① $Z_0 \subseteq X$ defined by ideal

sheaf $I_0 \subseteq \mathcal{O}_X$, then

$$\{ \text{first order def } Z_0 \} / \cong \cong H^0(Z_0, N_{Z_0/X})$$

$$\cong H^0(I_0/I_0^2, \mathcal{O}_{Z_0})$$

Normal sheaf.

GO TO END
DO EXAMPLE

Lemma ② $E_0 \rightarrow X$

$$\{ \text{first order def. } (E, \alpha) \} / \cong \cong \text{Ext}_{\mathcal{O}_X}^1(E_0, E_0)$$

has ignore

E.g. ③ Smooth!

$$T_{C/M}^M = H^1(C, T_C) = H^0(C, \Omega_{C/\mathbb{C}}^{\otimes 2})$$

$$H^1(X, \text{End}_{\mathcal{O}_X}(E_0))$$

Obstruction theory

$\mathcal{M}$ moduli problem (e.g. ① ② ③)

$A' \twoheadrightarrow A$ artinian over $\mathbb{C}$

$$(e.g. \mathbb{C}[[t]]/t^3 \twoheadrightarrow \mathbb{C}[[t]]/t^2)$$

Q: $E \in \mathcal{M}(A)$, is there a deformation

E' of E over A' ?

How to classify them?

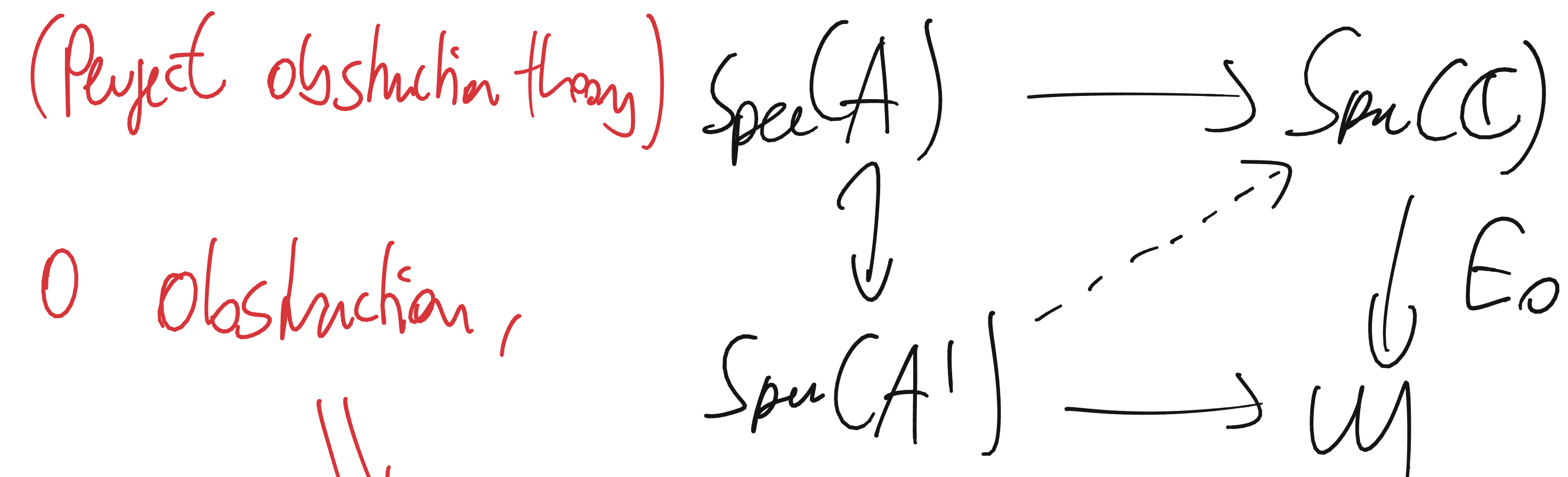
$\uparrow$ A: Vanishing of some obstruction class

If A, A' are local s.t. $A/M_A \cong A'/M_{A'} \cong \mathbb{C}$

$J = \ker(A' \rightarrow A)$ s.t. $M_{A'} J = 0$

$(\Rightarrow \text{square-zero extension } J^2 = 0)$

E is deformation of $E_0 := E|_{\mathbb{C}}$ over A



0 obstruction,

$\Downarrow$
Lifting crit for smoothness $\Rightarrow \mathcal{M}$ smooth at E_0

Proposition ①

X scheme / $\mathbb{C}$ w/ separated

$$\Delta: X \rightarrow X \times X$$

This stuff & $Z \subseteq X_A$ closed
& flat over A , $Z_0 = Z \times_A \mathbb{C}$

(1) If $\exists$ deformations over A'

then they form torsor

w.r.t. $\operatorname{Ext}_{\mathcal{O}_X}^0(I_{Z_0}, \mathcal{O}_{Z_0} \otimes_{\mathbb{C}} J)$

(2) $\exists \operatorname{ob}_Z \in \operatorname{Ext}_{\mathcal{O}_X}^1(I_Z, \mathcal{O}_Z \otimes_{\mathbb{C}} J)$
s.t. $\exists$ def over $A' \Leftrightarrow \operatorname{ob}_Z = 0$

Proposition ② X scheme / $\mathbb{C}$

Same as before w/ $A, A', \mathcal{I}$,

E coh sheaf on X_A

(1) If $\mathcal{I}$ deg. E' over A' , the group of
aut. of E' is bij. to $\text{Ext}_{\mathcal{O}_X}^0(E_0, E_0 \otimes \mathcal{I})$

(2) If $\mathcal{I}$ deformations E' over A' , isom. classes

then they form torsor

w/ob. $\text{Ext}_{\mathcal{O}_X}^1(E_0, E_0 \otimes \mathcal{I})$

(3) $\exists \text{ob}_{\mathbb{C}} \in \text{Ext}_{\mathcal{O}_X}^2(E_0, E_0 \otimes \mathcal{I})$

s.t. $\mathcal{I}$ deg over A' $\Leftrightarrow \text{ob}_{\mathbb{C}} = 0$

APPLICATION of LEMMA ①

$M = \text{Hilb}^4 \mathbb{A}^3$ irred and dim 12

(Hilb scheme of 3 points in $\mathbb{A}^4$)

$I_X = (x, y, z)^2$, $Z \subseteq M$

induces $p: \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{A}^3} \rightarrow \mathcal{O}_Z$

$$\dim(T_p M) \stackrel{\text{Lemma}}{=} \text{dim}(\mathcal{H}^0(Z, N_{Z/\mathbb{A}^3})) \\ = 18 > 12$$

M is singular at Z

& $\text{ob}_Z \neq 0$